

This listing of the claims replaces all prior versions in the application.

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-9 (Canceled).

10. (Original) A method for fabricating a semiconductor device, comprising:
forming an oxidation barrier pattern and a capping layer pattern which are sequentially stacked on a semiconductor substrate;
encasing exposed surfaces of the capping layer pattern with a mold insulating layer so that the mold insulating layer extends a distance above the capping layer pattern and between adjacent capping layer patterns, the mold insulating layer material having an etch selectivity with respect to the capping layer pattern material;
planarizing the mold insulating layer until a top portion of the capping layer pattern is exposed;
removing the capping layer pattern to form a lower electrode recess exposing substantially an entire top surface of the corresponding underlying oxidation barrier pattern; and
forming a lower electrode about inner surfaces of the lower electrode recess,
wherein the capping layer pattern is made of a material having an etch selectivity with respect to the oxidation barrier pattern material.

11.(Original) The method of claim 10, wherein before formation of the oxidation barrier pattern and the capping insulating layer pattern onto the semiconductor substrate, the method comprises:
disposing an interlayer dielectric and an etch-stop layer over the semiconductor substrate so that the interlayer dielectric is closer the semiconductor substrate; and
positioning a buried contact plug so that the contact plug extends through the etch-stop layer and the interlayer dielectric film to be in electrical communication with a predetermined region of the semiconductor substrate,
wherein a top surface of the buried contact plug is adapted to contact a predetermined region of a bottom side of the oxidation barrier pattern, and wherein the etch-stop layer is made

of an insulating material having an etch selectivity with respect to the mold insulating layer material.

12.(Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the oxidation barrier pattern comprises conductive metal nitride.

13.(Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the capping layer pattern comprises silicon nitride.

14. (Original)The method of claim 10, wherein the mold insulating layer comprises silicon oxide.

15. (Original)The method of claim 10, wherein the formation of the lower electrode comprises:

conformably forming a lower electrode layer on an exposed portion of the stacked semiconductor substrate including the inner surfaces of the lower electrode recess;

forming a sacrificial insulating layer on the lower electrode layer to fill the lower electrode recess; and

planarizing the sacrificial insulating layer and the lower electrode layer down to a top portion of the mold insulating layer to form a lower electrode in the lower electrode recess.

16.(Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the lower electrode comprises at least one noble metal and/or conductive compound containing a noble metal.

17.(Original) The method of claim 16, after formation of the lower electrode, the method further comprises:

etching the molding insulating layer to be removed; and

sequentially stacking a dielectric film and an upper electrode on an upper surface of the lower electrode.

18.(Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the dielectric film has a higher dielectric constant than oxide-nitride-oxide (ONO).

19.(Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the dielectric film comprises a ferroelectric substance.

20. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the upper electrode comprises a noble metal and/or a conductive compound containing a noble metal.

Claims 21-32 (Canceled).

33. (Previously Presented) A method for fabricating a semiconductor device with a plurality of MIM capacitors in unit cells of an integrated circuit memory device, comprising:
forming an oxidation barrier pattern on a semiconductor substrate; and
forming a lower electrode disposed on the oxidation barrier pattern so that a top surface area of the oxidation barrier pattern is substantially equal to a bottom surface area of the lower electrode,
wherein the lower electrode forming step comprises:
forming a layer on the oxidation barrier pattern, the layer having a recess with a bottom that is sized to be substantially coextensive with a top surface of the oxidation barrier pattern; and
applying a conductive layer in the recess to thereby form the lower electrode.

34. (Currently Amended) A method ~~for fabricating a semiconductor device with a plurality of MIM capacitors in unit cells of an integrated circuit memory device~~ according to Claim 33, further comprising:
~~forming an oxidation barrier pattern on a semiconductor substrate;~~
~~forming a lower electrode disposed on the oxidation barrier pattern so that a top surface area of the oxidation barrier pattern is substantially equal to a bottom surface area of the lower electrode;~~

forming an interlayer dielectric layer on the semiconductor substrate prior to forming the oxidation barrier pattern;

placing a contact plug in the interlayer dielectric layer so that it extends a distance through the interlayer dielectric layer to be in electrical communication with a predetermined region of the semiconductor substrate prior to forming the oxidation barrier pattern; and

forming an etch stop layer over the interlayer dielectric layer prior to forming the oxidation barrier pattern.

35. (Previously Presented) A method for fabricating a semiconductor device with a plurality of MIM capacitors in unit cells of an integrated circuit memory device, comprising:

forming an oxidation barrier pattern on a semiconductor substrate; and

forming a lower electrode disposed on the oxidation barrier pattern so that a top surface area of the oxidation barrier pattern is substantially equal to a bottom surface area of the lower electrode, wherein the forming the layer onto the oxidation barrier pattern is carried out by applying a capping layer over the oxidation barrier pattern after the step of forming the oxidation barrier pattern, forming a capping layer pattern by selectively removing portions of the capping layer, disposing a mold insulating layer over the capping layer pattern and then removing the capping layer pattern to form the recess.

Claims 36-37 (Canceled).

38. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 15, wherein the lower electrode is formed into a substantially cylindrical shape with a closed bottom surface that resides on the oxidation barrier pattern.

Claims 39-43 (Canceled).

44. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 33, wherein the forming the lower electrode step comprises forming the lower electrode to have a generally cylindrical shape

with a closed bottom surface, the closed bottom surface disposed on the oxidation barrier pattern.

45. (Previously Presented) A method according to Claim 33, wherein the forming the lower electrode step comprises forming the lower electrode to have, in cross-section, two substantially parallel spaced apart upwardly extending sidewalls with an open upper portion and a closed bottom surface with the closed bottom surface residing on the oxidation barrier pattern.